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# *CRYPTO* *GRAND SLAM*

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## **CRYPTO GRAND SLAM**

By Ian King, Editor of *Strategic Fortunes*

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One of the best lessons I've learned over the past 25 years is that market cycles tend to rhyme. The specific investments may change, but investors are still subject to the same cycles of mania and bust.

In that regard, cryptocurrency is almost a mirror image of the dot-com boom. Each era started with an innovation that triggered a revolution.

For the dot-com era, it was the moment when Tim Berners-Lee invented the hypertext transfer protocol — which allows the internet to communicate information — in 1989.

Decades later in October 2008, Satoshi Nakamoto dropped the bitcoin whitepaper and launched the cryptocurrency era.

Both of these events were breakthroughs that led to investment manias. And each mania ended when investors believed the technology wasn't ready to change the world.

In 1999, every company was adding "dot-com" to their name. And in 2017, companies were trying to figure out how they could tokenize their products on the blockchain.

Of course, nothing gold can stay — the hype always wears off. Investors realize that the technology isn't quite ready for prime time, and they give up on the idea. That leads to sharp sell-offs. Even bear markets.

Both dot-com and cryptocurrency investors suffered through brutal ones. During the dot-com crash from 2000 to 2002, the Nasdaq lost 78% of its value. Likewise, bitcoin dropped 84% in 2018.

And so cryptocurrency investors experienced the same regretful feelings dot-com investors did a couple of decades prior.

Remember that time? Investors shunned dot-com stocks. Anything internet-related was radioactive. And it's understandable — they were shell-shocked from losses when the bubble burst.

But looking back, selling stocks such as Amazon at \$10 and Google at \$50 was the worst investment mistake of the 21st century. An investment of \$1,000 in each of those stocks would be worth well over \$300,000 today.

Even though the stocks were severely depressed, the internet increasingly became part

of our everyday lives. This was the rise of Web 2.0. And now I don't even remember life without the internet.

Just like dot-com companies, cryptocurrencies are here to stay. I'll say it now: Buying cryptocurrencies now is akin to buying dot-com stocks in 2004.

And even better? Crypto is becoming the *perfect* solution as the U.S. Federal Reserve and central banks around the world start encroaching on their respective currencies...

As President Biden moves forward with Executive Order 14067, fast-tracking the brand-new "digital dollar," it's wise to move away from having all your assets in one *centralized* location.

That's where crypto comes in.

Take a look at this table:

<b>THE FED'S DIGITAL DOLLAR</b>	<b>CRYPTOCURRENCIES</b>
Centrally Controlled	Completely DE-Centralized
Fiat; Virtually Unlimited	Finite — a Store of Value
Private Info Is Vulnerable	Private and Anonymous

**DIGITAL DOLLAR IS NOT A CRYPTOCURRENCY.**

Cryptos are built to preserve privacy — transactions happen behind layers of security to protect your privacy and make you virtually anonymous.

And I'm confident that cryptocurrencies will be your best hope of not just surviving this new age of the Digital Dollar — but thriving.

I believe that the right crypto investments today will be the best protection against the coming upheavals of Project Hamilton.

And in this special report, I'm laying out details on not one ... not two ... but THREE unique crypto opportunities.

I consider them the 21st-century solution to the Fed's Digital Dollar.

The road map is clear. The only thing left is deciding whether or not you're willing to follow it.

## Before We Get Started

Before we start, let's go over how we will buy these cryptos.

Cryptocurrencies are not sold through your normal brokerage account. They are bought and sold on crypto exchanges.

I recommend purchasing your new cryptos on [Coinbase](#). Coinbase is a safe and secure platform that is very user-friendly. If you're new to Coinbase, I have two resources available to help get you started.

No. 1 — A [report](#) on how to set up a Coinbase account.

No. 2 — A [tutorial](#) on how to purchase cryptos on Coinbase.

With that said, let's begin with your first recommendation!

### # 1 THE NEXT GEN COIN

Right now, the aftermath of the cryptocurrency bubble resembles the dot-com lull from 2002 to 2004.

Cryptocurrencies are following the same pattern. And that's why right now is the best time to add exposure with the Next Gen Coin, which is on the verge of surpassing bitcoin.

I'm talking about **Ethereum (ETH)**.

In late 2013, the cryptocurrency world was rocked when a 19-year-old computer science prodigy named Vitalik Buterin published the Ethereum whitepaper.

It was the most consequential event in crypto since Satoshi Nakamoto introduced the world to bitcoin in 2008.

You see, before the arrival of Ethereum, cryptocurrencies had one functionality: they were an immutable form of digital money that could be sent anywhere as easily as sending an email.

Ethereum changed everything. It has all the properties of bitcoin — it's decentralized, portable and immutable. However, it's also an environment, like the internet. And this Ethereum "internet" suddenly allowed any developer to build applications on top of a blockchain.

They could do this through smart contracts: a code that contains "if this, then that" conditions.

For instance, **if** my Uber doesn't arrive on time, **then** the fare is refunded. Or **if** my Uber arrives on time, and **if** the driver doesn't speed along the way, **then** a payment is made from my account.

Transactions can be programmed to run autonomously when specific conditions are met, without the need for a centralized intermediary.

Ethereum also created a standardized token, called the ERC-20, that allowed developers to build other tokens with specific uses in the Ethereum network.

Since ERC-20 was born, tens of thousands of these Ethereum-based tokens were created, used to provision digital resources like cloud storage, computational power and network bandwidth.

In 2017, Ethereum helped spark the cryptocurrency mania. New coins were popping up left and right for any industry. There was one for religion (Jesuscoin), dentists (Dentacoin) and supply chain management (bananacoin). Some of these cryptocurrency tokens increased as much as 100,000% in just a few days.

Since the overwhelming majority of these new tokens were built on Ethereum, the price of ETH increased by 17,600% in less than a year. It started 2017 at \$8 and peaked one year later at \$1,420.

And then the bear market arrived. ETH dropped 94% over the next year, while most of these overhyped cryptocurrencies went to zero.

But after a solid rebound off the lows, Ethereum is now the world's second-largest cryptocurrency with a \$146.94 billion market cap. That's almost half the size of bitcoin, which currently supports a \$349.15 billion market cap.

However, Ethereum's programmable language makes it more functional than that of bitcoin. Because of this, I believe Ethereum's market cap will eventually cross over bitcoin's.

### **3 Catalysts to Push ETH Higher**

Even though there are thousands of cryptocurrencies already built off the Ethereum blockchain, Ethereum is still developing.

That's good news for us, because there are three major catalysts coming in the next few years that will propel its price higher...

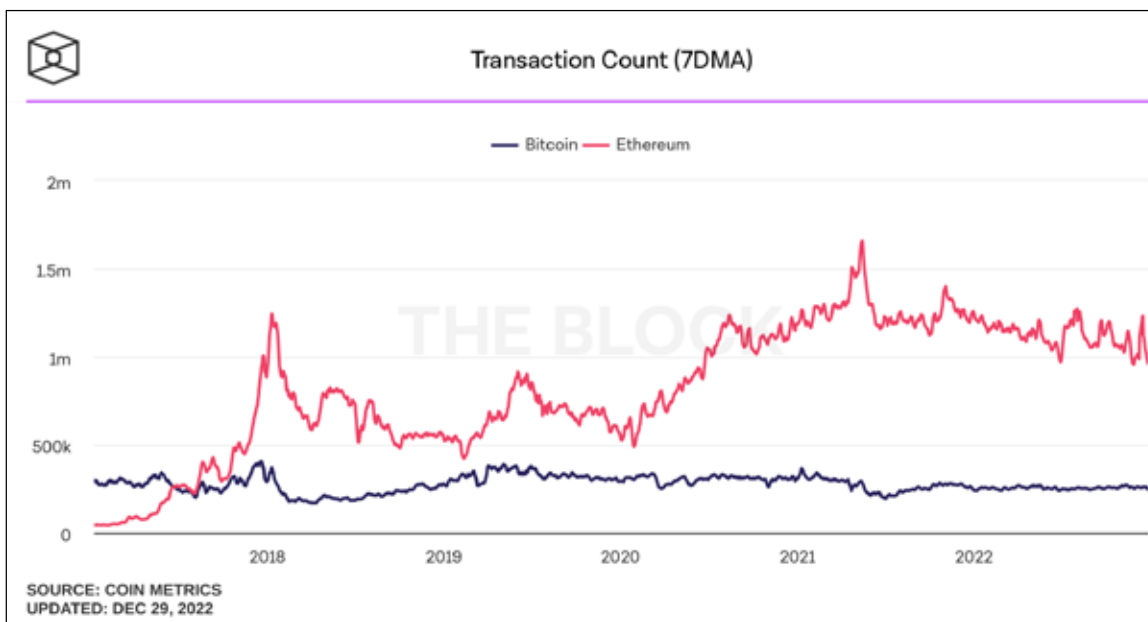
#### **# 1 The Next Gen Effect.**

The Next Gen Effect is when the 2.0 version surpasses the 1.0 version. When that happens, massive profits can be made.

Ethereum took the first major step in its upgrade to Ethereum 2.0 with the Merge in mid-September 2022. This update will change the way transactions are secured and add to its underlying blockchain.

It's important because cryptocurrency's biggest limitation is speed. When the network is crowded, transactions can take several days to process.

Speed is particularly essential for Ethereum since daily transaction volume is surging (more on why in a minute):



In its current state, Ethereum can only process 17 transactions per second. Bitcoin is even worse, at a measly seven transactions per second. That's fast enough to run a small network but won't cut it as the base layer for our smart contract future.

When the updated Ethereum 2.0 fully deploys, it will break this transaction history into a smaller, more condensed form. Rather than one blockchain, Ethereum will become many blockchains all running in parallel.

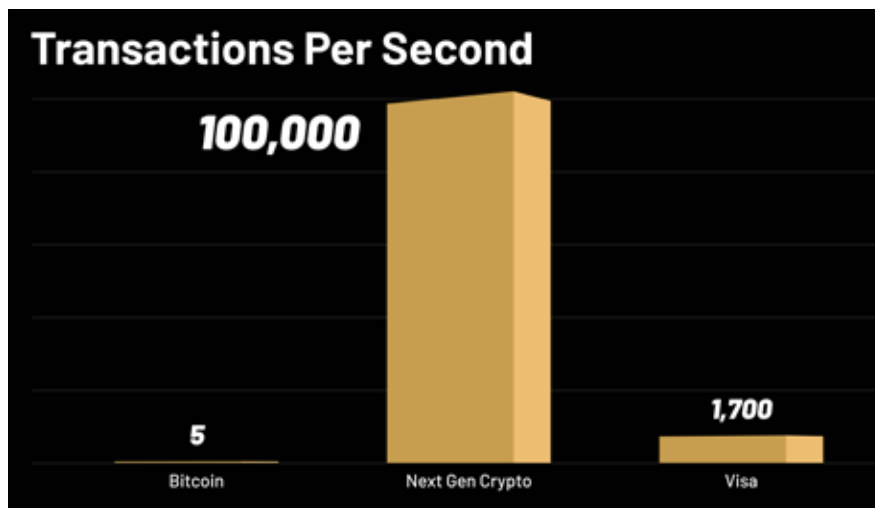
If ETH 2.0 is successful, the lighter version has the potential for the network to handle 100,000 transactions per second, giving it an even bigger advantage over all other cryptocurrency networks.

ETH 2.0 also brings with it new token economics. Before the Merge, around 14,600 ETH were issued each day. That's an annual inflation rate of 4.6%. But after the Merge, that rate drops to 1,600 ETH per day, or an annual inflation rate of 0.49%.

As network usage increases on Ethereum, more fees will be paid in ETH, which will then be burned. And with a lower issuance rate each day to off-set the amount burned, ETH supply could enter a deflationary state.

That means with fewer ETH circulating, each token could be worth more after the Merge. This would increase ETH's value.

Also, once the upgrade is complete, Ethereum's one blockchain will become many blockchains running in parallel. This will break Ethereum's transaction history into smaller more manageable parts. And it will reduce network congestion and scale it to be able to handle up to 100,000 transactions per second.



## # 2 Institutional ownership is increasing.

The 2017 bull market was driven by retail investors. For institutional investing, there weren't any good solutions for holding sizable amounts of cryptocurrencies, and the technology was largely unproven.

Since then, the ways that institutions can hold and trade cryptocurrencies have dramatically improved.

We saw this happen in 2021 when the New York Stock Exchange launched the Bakkt exchange: a platform for trading futures contracts on bitcoin and Ethereum. This is big — it's the first exchange that settles trades in the underlying cryptocurrencies.

Mutual fund giant Fidelity Investments also launched Fidelity Digital Assets. This makes it easier for hedge funds and family offices to invest and hold cryptocurrencies.

And many of the biggest banks have started their own cryptocurrency divisions. Here are just a few:



But it's not only institutional investors that are buying cryptocurrencies. Corporate treasuries, especially in tech, have diversified out of fiat currencies (like USD) and into bitcoin.

MicroStrategy even converted \$3.98 billion of its cash position into bitcoin. And Block (formerly named Square) purchased \$220 million worth of bitcoin. Apparently, the fear of fiat currency is starting to be felt in the corporate world as well.

### # 3 **Ethereum is the base layer for a decentralized financial future.**

Decentralized finance, or DeFi, is the term to describe an open financial system. One that doesn't rely on institutions or political entities to exist.

Bitcoin was the first iteration of DeFi. It's a form of money that can be used to transfer value anywhere in the world, as easily as sending an email.

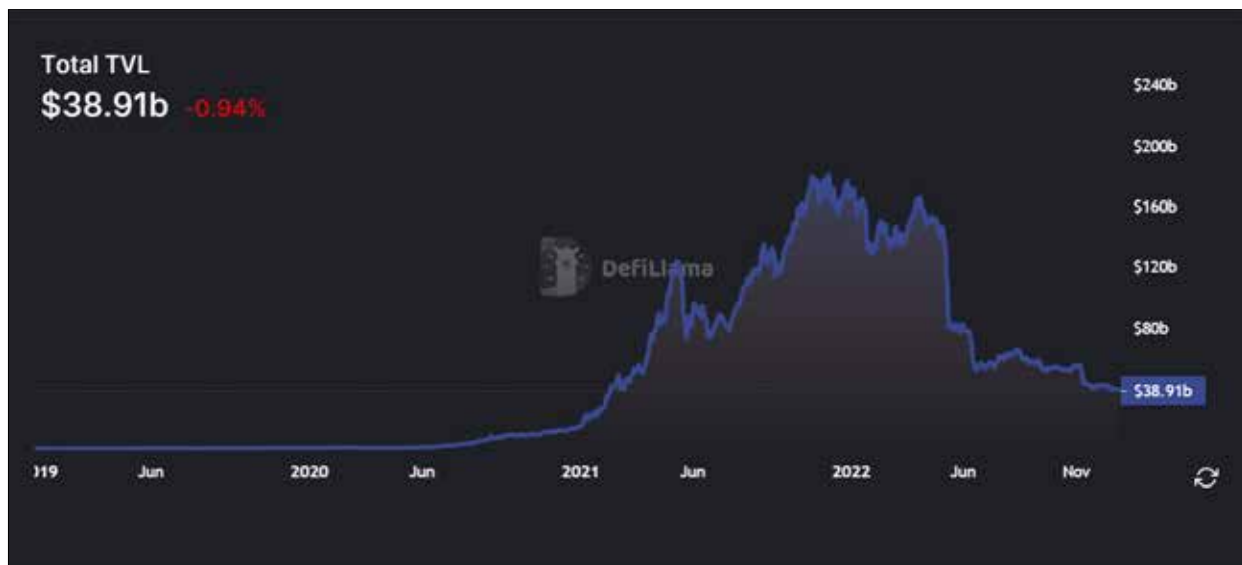
However, the next wave of DeFi will open up the entire financial services market to anyone at any time. And it's currently all built on top of Ethereum.

Securities, such as stocks and bonds, will be tokenized and traded on smart contracts on decentralized exchanges.

Recent comments by a commissioner of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission described it best when he said:

*If bitcoin is email, a one-trick pony ... but obviously revolutionary, Ethereum goes far beyond that. It's more like the internet. When I think about DeFi, it's obviously revolutionary and could lead to a massive disintermediation of the financial system.*

DeFi is in the very early innings. But it's been growing exponentially in the last six months — which is contributing to Ethereum's daily transaction volume surging. On May 1, 2020, the total value locked in DeFi was under \$10 billion. Since then, it's grown nearly four times to \$39 billion:





With these three catalysts, I expect Ethereum to soar tenfold in the next few years as the Next Gen Effect occurs.

## ETHEREUM 2.0 ROAD MAP

The Next Gen Coin's upgrade to ETH 2.0 will be one for history.  
Let's take a look at the events that led to this critical event.

### **December 1, 2020: The Beacon Chain**

The Beacon Chain introduced proof-of-stake to Ethereum. This addition will help keep ETH safe and secure. With proof-of-stake, ETH now requires stakers and validators to build new blocks on the blockchain.

### **August 5, 2021: The London Hard Fork**

The London Hard Fork was the next step in making ETH a complete proof-of-stake blockchain. The main change was the transaction fees or "gas fees." Miners now have lower and more stable gas fees.

### **September 15, 2022: The Merge**

The Ethereum Mainnet officially merged with the Beacon Chain. This means ETH no longer needs energy-intensive mining for proof-of-work. The network is secured using staked ETH.

### **2023: Sharding**

Ethereum's one blockchain will become many blockchains running in parallel. This will break Ethereum's transaction history into smaller more manageable parts. It will also reduce network congestion and scale it to be able to handle up to 100,000 transactions per second.

## Ethereum's Value Is Right Where We Want It

The first thing to consider when buying a cryptocurrency is that you're not buying a currency or a stock, you're buying a share in a network.

The more demand there is for the network, the more valuable the network's cryptocurrency becomes.

For example, imagine that in order to use Facebook, there was a monthly fee that could only be paid in Facebook tokens. To get a Facebook token, you first have to purchase it from someone who bought into a finite supply before you did. As Facebook's network grows, so does the value of the tokens needed to access Facebook.

This is what gives cryptocurrencies value. The more demand there is for the network's resources, the higher the price of the token.

The simplest way to look at the valuation of any cryptocurrency is to look at its network

value to transaction ratio, or NVT. This takes the network value and divides by the nominal amount of daily transactions.

NVT is the cryptocurrency equivalent of the price-to-earnings ratio used to value stocks. Currently, Ethereum's NVT is 68 (at the time of publication). That's near the lowest point in 2019, even though the price of ETH is up 385% since then.



Even though the network value has grown more than five times, the amount of daily transactions has grown even faster. That would be equivalent to a stock growing earnings faster than its price. In comparison, bitcoin is valued 138% higher with an NVT of 66.

Remember: While bitcoin is currently more widely used and owned, there are limited use cases. It's a digital store of value that can be used to transact without a middleman.

On the other hand, Ethereum's upside is considerably larger. It can serve as a digital store of value, but Ethereum tops bitcoin with its smart contract functionality.

With the exponential growth in DeFi, we're starting to see institutions take notice, and that's great news for us.

With ETH's three catalysts and its potential to trigger the next generation of Web 3.0, it's a no-brainer to add Ethereum to your portfolio. And the time to buy is now, before it's too late!

**Action to take: Buy Ethereum (ETH).**

BUY ACTION TO TAKE	
<b>CRYPTO:</b>	<b>Ethereum (ETH)</b>
<b>EXCHANGE:</b>	<b>Coinbase</b>
<b>STORE IT ON:</b>	<b>Coinbase</b>

**Note:** You don't have to own an entire coin. All cryptocurrencies are divisible down to pennies, so you can purchase half of one or even one-tenth, just to get your feet wet.

## # 2 THE GOOGLE OF CRYPTO

I still remember the old card catalog cabinet in my local library.

Hundreds of index cards filled the wooden drawers — one for each book in the library.

To locate a particular book, you had to find the book's card, jot down its Dewey decimal number and then head off into the forest of books to find it.

But now, card catalog cabinets are ancient relics. We can easily look up a library book, as well as if it's checked out and where it's at, from any computer.

As information relocated to the internet, we now have a digital card catalog for all the world's information — in the form of search engines.

Search engines such as Google use database indexes the same way we once manually looked through the card catalog.

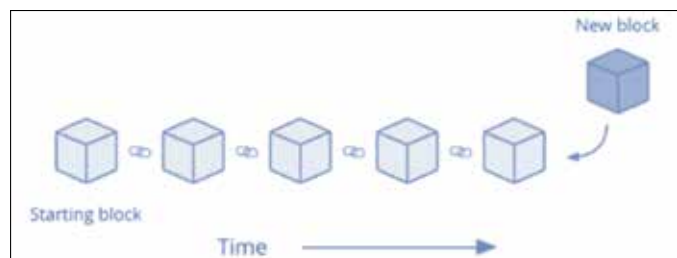
Google stores all the data in an indexed and searchable database. This is how Google can find answers very quickly.

But there's a big problem with Google's approach.

Google controls all the data: Some of it is personal, like our digital identities, travel history and online purchases.

But as we enter the next stage of technology, there will be an *even better* way to store information.

Blockchains are changing the way we store and retrieve information.



A blockchain is a series of blocks that contain records. The information in each block relies upon information contained in previous blocks. As time goes on, more blocks of information are added to a blockchain.

This can be records of information, such as who owns bitcoin and what transactions transpired in the past 10 minutes.

This is why our first crypto is so important. It offers a decentralized approach to data indexing.

### How This Crypto Will Disrupt Search Engines

**The Graph (GRT)** takes blockchain data, indexes it and stores it in subgraphs. A subgraph defines which data The Graph will index and store from networks.

In doing so, it doesn't rely on one centralized entity like Google to run the operation. It has multiple participants indexing information in a decentralized manner.

This creates a world where tech oligopolies don't store and control everything from our searches, clicks and recommended videos.

The Graph protocol is the backbone of a decentralized internet. And that's why this investment opportunity is enormous.

GRT is the native token of The Graph network. It's an Ethereum-based token that powers The Graph protocol to index and query blockchain data.

This is the coin we're recommending to capitalize on the coming transition from a centralized to a decentralized internet.

## ■ HOW GRT WORKS

**Indexers** — Indexers operate nodes on The Graph by staking a minimum of 100,000 GRT tokens.

The indexers' job is to index relevant subgraphs in exchange for rewards and fees.

They set prices for their services and compete with other indexers in a marketplace. This keeps prices in check and ensures a high quality of indexed data.

**Delegators** — They stake their GRT on behalf of indexers. These participants don't need 100,000 GRT but can pool with others to receive a portion of the rewards and fees paid to the indexers.

**Curators** — They look through and identify high-value subgraphs worth indexing. They can then use their GRT tokens to signal to the indexers which subgraphs are relevant.

If the subgraph they highlight gets indexed, they receive rewards proportional to the usage of that subgraph.

**Fisherman and Arbitrators** — When an indexer provides incorrect data to a consumer, a fisherman can submit a dispute against the indexer along with a bond in GRT.

The disputes are evaluated by elected arbitrators.

If the fisherman's dispute is valid, they are paid a portion of the rewards that are slashed from the indexer. If the fisherman's dispute is invalid, their bond is forfeited.

### YOUR GRT CHEAT SHEET

**Indexers:** Operate nodes on The Graph.

**Delegators:** Stake their GRT on behalf of indexers.

**Curators:** Identify high-value subgraphs worth indexing.

**Fishermen:** Submits disputes about incorrect data.

**Arbitrators:** Evaluates the disputes.

The end user is typically a developer or project that pays fees to the indexers and curators to index their applications.

This process is no different than developers paying service costs to index and store data with Amazon Web Services or Google Cloud.

But it's done in a way that's decentralized and takes the power away from Big Tech.

### **Capitalize Off the \$114.7 Billion Search Market**

GRT has a total supply of 10 billion tokens.

Currently around 87% of the total supply is in circulation. At current prices, its fully diluted valuation is \$560 million (this is the market cap after all the coins are in circulation).

But I believe the opportunity here is much larger.

In the U.S. alone, IBIS Worldwide estimates the search market to be worth \$114.7 billion. Globally, it's much higher. And it's growing at nearly a double-digit pace.

Demand for GRT tokens will increase with the size of the network. This is bound to happen as blockchain infrastructure replaces the traditional way to store, index and search data.

So grab the Google of crypto before it becomes part of your everyday internet experience!

**Action to take: Buy The Graph (GRT) on Coinbase.**

BUY ACTION TO TAKE	
<b>CRYPTO:</b>	<b>The Graph (GRT)</b>
<b>WHERE TO BUY:</b>	<b>Coinbase</b>

### **# 3 THE AMAZON WEB SERVICES OF CRYPTO**

My maternal grandfather was a professional lawyer and amateur photographer.

Growing up, he attended every grandchild's soccer games, swim meets and graduations with his camera. One Christmas a few decades back, he gave all of us shoeboxes full of photos.

I still have mine. To be safe, I scanned them to create digital copies and store them in the cloud.

Within a few decades, we went from storing memories in photo albums and old shoe boxes to storing them in cyberspace.

We rely on these clouds to safekeep our most important memories and moments. But is the current, centralized cloud the safest place for our data?

All of our data is now hosted on clouds — videos, photos, music, digital books and more. The cloud even saves our physical location, as well as the web pages we visit.

As you can image, it's enormous and getting bigger. In 2021, the global cloud computing market was \$368.97 billion. And that number is set to grow at a rapid 15.7% compounded annual growth rate to \$1.56 trillion by 2030, according to Grand View Research.

Traditional cloud storage solutions such as Amazon S3 and Google One have power over all your files, including accessibility. It's a valid argument that tech companies have too much control over our personal info.

It also means bandwidth issues from data centers and unexpected outages could restrict access to these files.

With the amount of data now stored in the cloud, these solutions are becoming increasingly expensive. Storage is usually priced in blocks, meaning you get charged for storage space you don't actually use.

Our next crypto solves this huge problem.

That's why it's poised to soar in the next few years. By the end of the decade, it could control a big chunk of the world's \$1.56 trillion cloud market.

## The Crypto Disrupting the Cloud

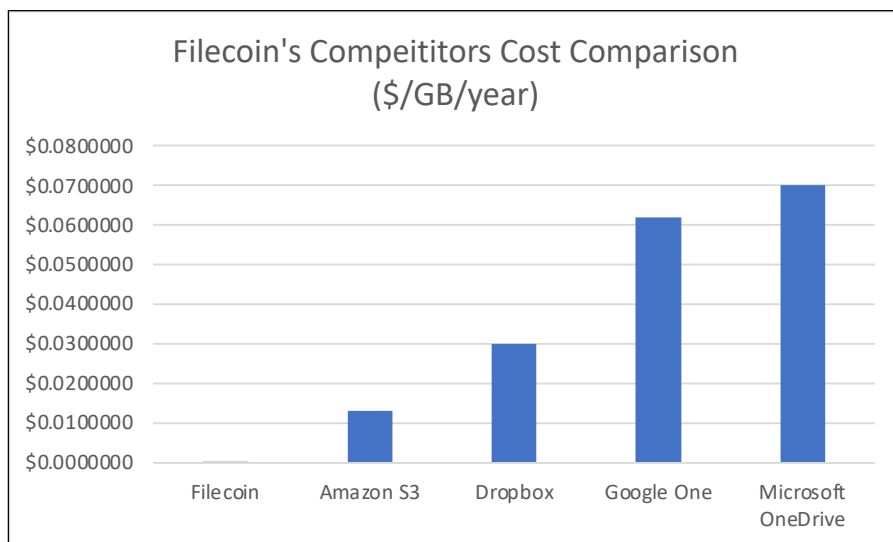
**Filecoin (FIL)** is a decentralized file storage solution that produces faster, cheaper and more private cloud storage.

Instead of one Big Tech company storing all your information, FIL enables a peer-to-peer network for storing and sharing data files.

The Filecoin protocol is built on top of a network called the InterPlanetary File System (IPFS).

It's a distributed system for storing and accessing files, websites, applications and data.

That means instead of one big cloud in the sky, there are thousands, if not millions, of clouds to store your data.



Data from Messari and Filecoin

Filecoin offers a competitive marketplace of storage providers. This allows Filecoin to keep prices low compared to traditional services.

Filecoin currently has a total 21,000 petabytes of storage space across the network — 484 petabytes of that space are currently being used.

## ■ HOW FILECOIN WORKS

There are several moving parts and participants that make Filecoin work.

**Clients** — First are the Clients. They are the users who wish to store data on the IPFS. In the marketplace of storage providers, the clients have several options.

This goes beyond just choosing providers based on price. It also allows the client to choose how to split up their files.

Once the client chooses, the network encrypts and splits files up into multiple pieces. These pieces are then copied and distributed among the storage providers the client has chosen.

Since no single provider has access to all the pieces of a file, they cannot put it together and violate the privacy of the client.

When the client goes to retrieve their files, the network recompiles the relevant pieces and presents it to the client.

**Miners** — Next are the miners. Miners are the storage providers and node operators on the network.

Each node represents a computer with unused storage capacity. The providers are essentially renting out this excess space on their devices.

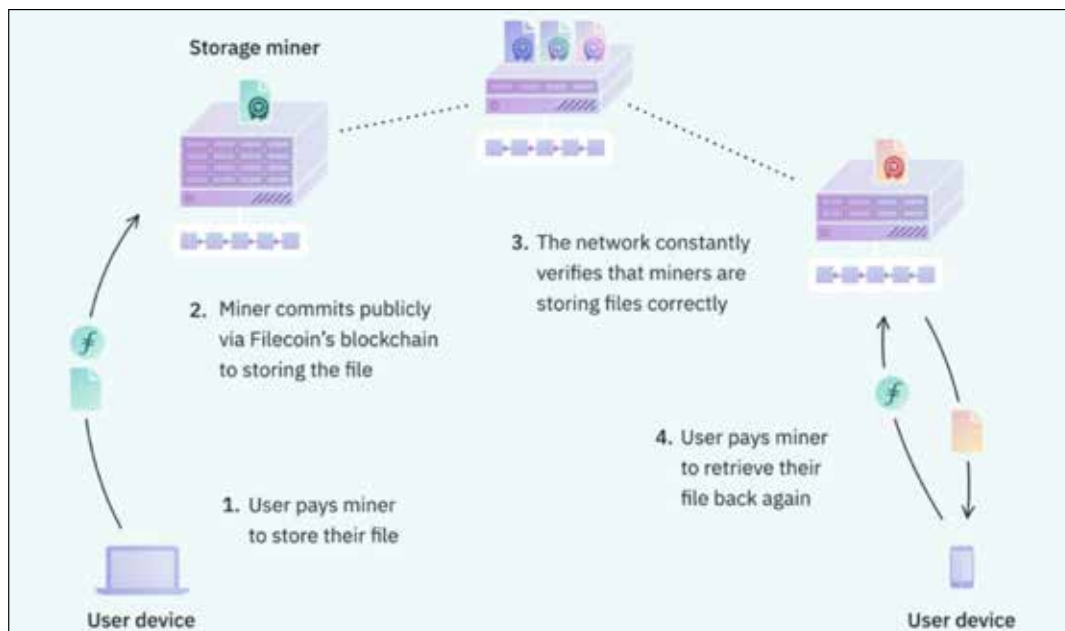
They are rewarded in FIL tokens for contributing their excess storage to the network, even if that space is not being used by clients.

In order to become a storage provider, you have to meet hardware requirements:

- An 8+ core CPU.
- 128 GiB of RAM.
- A graphics processing unit supported by the network.

Once a provider meets these criteria, they can pledge collateral proportional to the space they provide and compete with other providers on the open marketplace.

After they have accepted payment and data for storage from a client, they are required to pass periodic tests. These tests verify that their systems of storage are viable and in working order. This ensures that the data is available when a client is ready to retrieve it.



SOURCE: Filecoin

If a storage provider does not pass this test, their collateral is slashed. If the provider fails the test multiple times, the affected clients are informed.

Additionally, their reliability rating on the marketplace goes down, making their services less desirable.

**Retrieval Miners** — The retrieval miners on the network are responsible for retrieving a stored file that a client wishes to download. They are paid processing fees by the clients to accomplish this task.

This role does not have any specific constraints and can be fulfilled by storage miners on the network.

**Self-Healing Nodes** — Self-healing nodes are not active yet and are still in the testing phase. Once they are implemented, these nodes will scan the network for corrupted or degraded data. It will then repair this damage over time.

## The Token Behind Filecoin

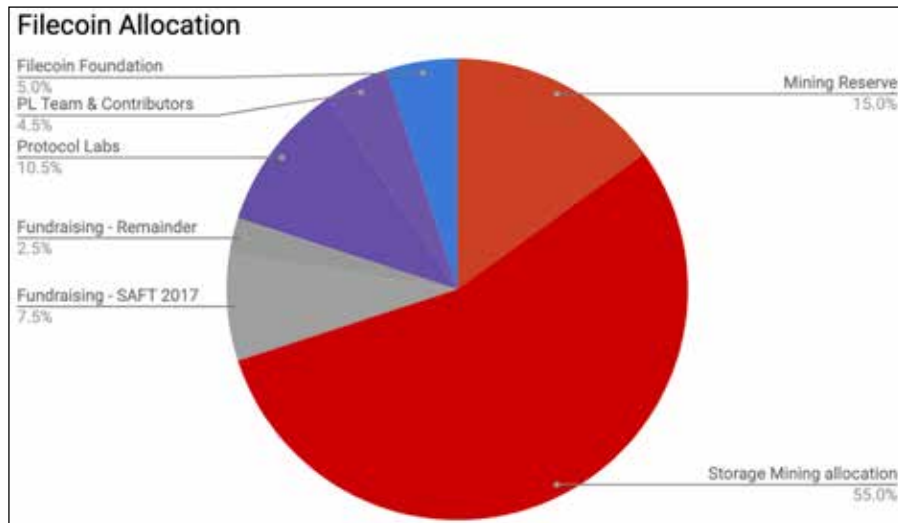
FIL serves as the utility and governance token of the Filecoin network. This is the token to buy if you want to participate in the exponential growth of the network.

It's called a utility coin because it's needed for transactions between the participants on the network.

FIL was designed to align participants' incentives with the long-term goals and vision of the network. This is why a majority of FIL supply will only be minted if the network achieves certain growth and utility targets.

If all the goals of the network are met, in the end there will be a max supply of 2 billion FIL tokens. Its initial distribution is as follows:





SOURCE: Filecoin

- **Investors:** 10% belongs to initial investors and vests on various linear schedules ranging from six months to three years.
- **Team and Developers:** 20% belongs to the team and developers and vests on a linear, six-year schedule.
- **Storage Mining Allocation:** 55% of the tokens are minted in two ways as the network grows.
  - Simple Minting: 330 million FIL tokens are released on a six-year half-life.
  - Baseline Minting: Up to 770 million FIL tokens will be minted based on the performance of the network. This supply is meant to create a strong incentive for the network to collaborate to reach storage capacity targets.
- **Mining Reserve:** 15% FIL tokens are held in reserve to incentivize future types of mining.

The \$83.4 billion global cloud storage market is expected to grow at a 24% pace to \$376.37 billion by the year 2029.

Filecoin’s market cap is only a tiny fraction of that amount, and that’s why the upside for this token is incredible. It could potentially change everything about how we store and use data.

That makes now the perfect time to buy before the market catches on.

**Action to take: Buy Filecoin (FIL) on Coinbase.**

BUY ACTION TO TAKE	
<b>Crypto:</b>	<b>Filecoin (FIL)</b>
<b>Where to Buy:</b>	<b>Coinbase</b>

**Note:** This is a volatile investment. It's imperative that you never invest more than you're willing to lose.

## What to Expect From the Crypto Market

Crypto is very speculative. A cryptocurrency is an early-stage project that allows you to invest on the ground floor. Many of them will be big winners, while others run the risk of total loss.

In that regard, cryptocurrencies are like call options without an expiration. They can go up or down 20%, 50% and even 100% within a day.

What's great about call options is that your downside is limited to how much you invest (you can't lose more than 100%), while your upside is unlimited.

However, unlike call options, cryptocurrencies have no expiration date.

That means investors who held bitcoin for the past several years are sitting on massive gains now, even though they may have been in the red for quite some time.

That's why I recommend dedicating a specific amount of your portfolio to whatever you are comfortable losing. These are highly speculative assets.

## Now's the Time to Buy

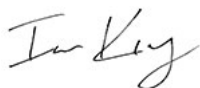
There you have it — my top three cryptos for this market. Before I leave you to your trading, I have important tips to share...

**Risk assessment:** While I think these assets are great buys, I always want you to be aware of the risks.

Double-digit swings are normal for these cryptos. I have a profit-managing strategy in place to protect us, but it's good to be aware of the volatility.

If these are your first crypto trades, don't worry. We have you covered! We have a Crypto 101 video tutorial series to help you get started. [Click here](#) to watch it!

And if you have any questions, reach out to us at [StrategicFortunes@BanyanHill.com](mailto:StrategicFortunes@BanyanHill.com).  
Regards,



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Editor, *Strategic Fortunes*



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